



What evidence does the school have of impact (2014 -15)

Y6 Achievement FSM v non-FSM (2015)

		L4+		L5+		2 levels progress		APS	
		FSM	Non-FSM	FSM	Non-FSM	FSM	Non-FSM	FSM	Non-FSM
Reading	2015 school	86%	87%	36%	63%	100%	93%	29.1pts	30.2pts
	2015 national	79%	90%	34%	55%	88%	91%	27.6pts	29.6pts
Writing	2015 school	86%	87%	14%	43%	93%	97%	27.0pts	28.4pts
	2015 national	79%	90%	22%	42%	92%	95%	26.6pts	28.9pts
Maths	2015 school	100%	93%	29%	37%	100%	93%	28.7pts	28.6pts
	2015 national	83%	90%	28%	48%	86%	91%	27.3pts	29.8pts
Combined R/W/Ma	2015 school	86%	83%	7%	20%			28.4pts	29.0pts
	2015 national	70%	85%	13%	29%			27.2pts	29.5pts
GPS	2015 school	71%	90%	43%	63%			27.9pts	30.2pts
	2015 national	71%	84%	43%	61%			27.5pts	29.9pts

- In all subjects, the achievement of the children in receipt of the pupil premium funding was higher than similar children nationally at L4+ and APS (average points score).
- The percentage of FSM children making expected progress is higher than national averages for similar children. There is a significant increase from the previous year, particularly in reading and maths.
- With the exception of GPS, the gap between FSM children in the school and their peers is narrower than the national gap

Y2 Achievement FSM v non-FSM (2015)

		APS	
		FSM	Non-FSM
Reading	2015 school	15.5pts	17.8pts
	2015 national	15.2pts	17.2pts
Writing	2015 school	14.5pts	16.1pts
	2015 national	14.0pts	15.8pts
Maths	2015 school	16.1pts	17.5pts
	2015 national	15.1pts	16.9pts
All core subjects	2015 school	15.4pts	17.1pts
	2015 national	14.8pts	16.6pts

- In all areas, the achievement of the children in receipt of the pupil premium funding was higher than similar children nationally

Y1 Phonics Screen Check FSM v non FSM

(% of Y1 meeting the required standard)		APS	
		FSM	Non-FSM
Phonics screening	2015 school	60%	85%
	2015 national	66%	80%

- Although the percentage of FSM children meeting the required standard for the Y1 phonics screening check is still slightly below similar children nationally (gap of 6%), there has been a significant closing of the gap from the previous year, where the gap was 43%.